

Graphing Linear Inequalities

1. Graph the boundary line. Use dashed line for $<$ and $>$, and solid line for \leq and \geq .
2. Test a point *not* on the boundary line to determine where to shade. (Use $(0, 0)$ for the test point unless it's on the boundary line.)

Example 1

Inequality: $y \geq 3x + 1$
 Test point $(0,0)$

Boundary Line: $y = 3x + 1$ solid

$0 \stackrel{?}{\geq} 3(0) + 1$
 $0 \stackrel{?}{\geq} 1$

No, so the region containing $(0, 0)$ should NOT be shaded. Shade the other side.

Example 2

Inequality: $2x - 3y < 12$
 Test point $(0,0)$

Boundary Line: $2x - 3y = 12$ dashed

$0 - 0 < 12$
 $0 < 12$

Yes.

Shade the region containing $(0,0)$.